# Alternatives to Custody

Women's Centres and the view from Northern Ireland

Centre for Crime and Justice Studies, London 10.06.15

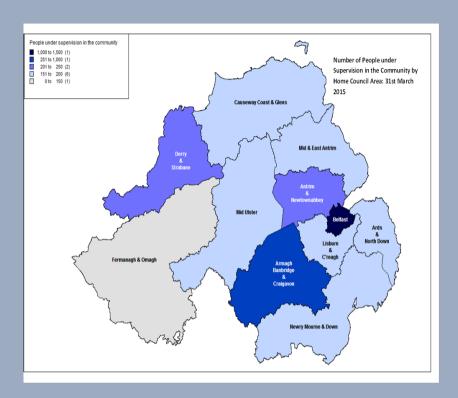


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## Overview

- \* Context of Probation and Community Sanctions in Northern Ireland
- \* Development of provision for women
- \* Current issues and challenges



- Probation Board for Northern Ireland (NDPB)
- Devolution of Policing and Justice Powers (2010)
- \* Different legislative framework
- Probation Officers –social work trained

## Community Sanctions

- \* Growth in prison population (2009-2013 +28%)
  - \* Short custodial sentences rise
  - Crown court cases rise
  - \* Custody/Probation sentences
  - \* Recalls

\* Rise in numbers subject to community supervision

## Paradox of Probation?

Supervision in the community an alternative and reduces the prison population

or

Expanding community supervision widens net and (potentially) increases prison population

Paradox of Probation (Phelps, 2013)

'Rather, probation serves both capacities, acting as an alternative and as a net-widener, to varying degrees across time and place.' (Phelps, 2013:51)

## Net-widener or penal reduction?

- \* Two central outcomes that determine the probation-prison link:
- Whether probation diverts people away from prison or draws cases under greater supervision;
- 2. Probation as an opportunity for rehabilitation that reduces future incarceration or as a pathway to prison.

- Sentencing practices and processes;
- Effectiveness and quality of probation supervision and services
- Policies and procedures regarding violations and breaches

Phelps (2013)

COST ACTION IS1106 Offender Supervision in Europe

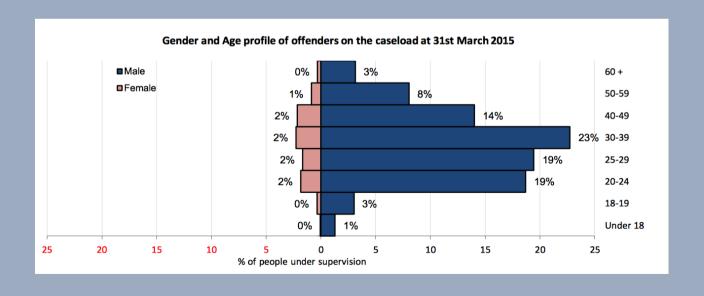
Table 1: Number of People on the caseload at Point in Time by sentence type\*: 31st March 2010 – 31st March 2015

	31 Mar					
Number of People*	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
All Community Sentences	2,495	2,690	2,821	2,616	2,525	2,248
Pre-release	645	751	939	1,085	1,225	1,119
All post-release supervision	722	649	648	765	925	1,048
All pre and post-release supervision	1,363	1,392	1,581	1,836	2,141	2,156
Non Statutory supervision	170	182	99	80	33	28
All PBNI supervision	3,983	4,211	4,441	4,468	4,652	4,395

% change 31 Mar 2015		
on 31 Mar 2014		
-11%		
-9%		
+13%		
+1%		
-		
-6%		

#### **Key Figures:**

Women 10% of caseload Highest proportionate representation of women in 40-49 age group



## Policy and practice context

### Corston Report (2007)

- \* Experiences of violence and victimisation
- \* Histories of abuse
- \* Higher prevalence of mental health need, drug use etc.
- \* More likely to be primary carers

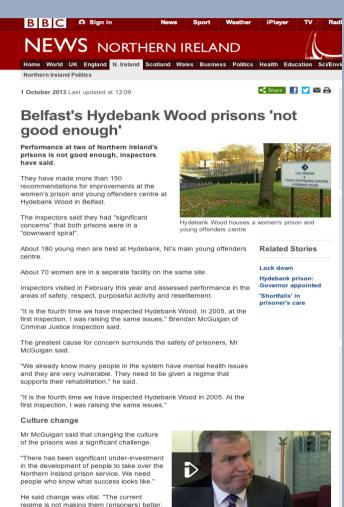
## NI Strategy for Women Offenders (2010)

\* Acquisitive crime – fines

**But** fine default result in prison

\* Higher rates of self-harm in prison

## Women in Prison in Northern Ireland



activity' at Hydebank Wood

It is not good enough. That is not what we

want as a society.



## thedetail

### Nine years on, Hydebank Wood is deemed a failure for women

01 OCTOBER 2013



Female prisoners moved to Hydebank Wood from Maghaberry in 2004

#### By Niall McCracken

THERE are "significant concerns" about the level of care provided to Northern Ireland's most vulnerable prisoner populations – with calls for women to be moved yet again to a suitable secure facility.

A new report by the Criminal Justice Inspectorate (CJI) has questioned the ability of Hydebank Wood Young Offenders' Centre (YOC) and Ash House, Northern Ireland's women's prison, to deliver positive outcomes for inmates within their care.

And, nine years after women were moved from Maghaberry Prison because of its unsuitability, the inspectors have concluded that the replacement jail in Hydebank Wood (HBW) has failed to come up to scratch – and is having a "significant and intractable" effect on the outcomes for female inmates.

#### Relate

> Dirty protests s taking place at

#### Investigation

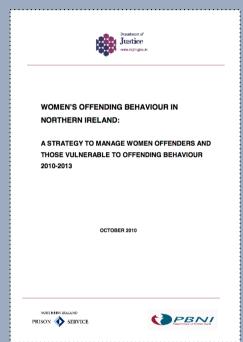
- > Suicides in prison: Ombudsman and
- families speak out

  > Hydebank enquiry to
  focus on handling of
  alleged inappropriate
- > Is solitary confinement being abused in Hydebank?
- > The teenager for whom solitary is the
- > Use of solitary "not cavalier": new prisons
- > "Lifers" not prepared for release as numbers
- > A catalogue of neglect - but no-one is held to account for the death of

## Women's Offending Behaviour in Northern Ireland: A Strategy To Manage Women Offenders and Those Vulnerable to Offending Behaviour 2010-2013

- \* Strategic Strand 1: Providing Alternatives to Prosecution and Custody
- Strategic Strand 2 : Reduce Re-Offending
- \* Strategic Strand 3: INSPIRE Women's Project: Gender-Specific Community

  Supervision and Interventions
- \* Strategic Strand 4: Developing a Gender Specific Approach to the Management of Women in Custody.



## **INSPIRE Project**

- \* Established in 2008
- Women centred approach
- \* Assessments for court
- \* Statutory orders

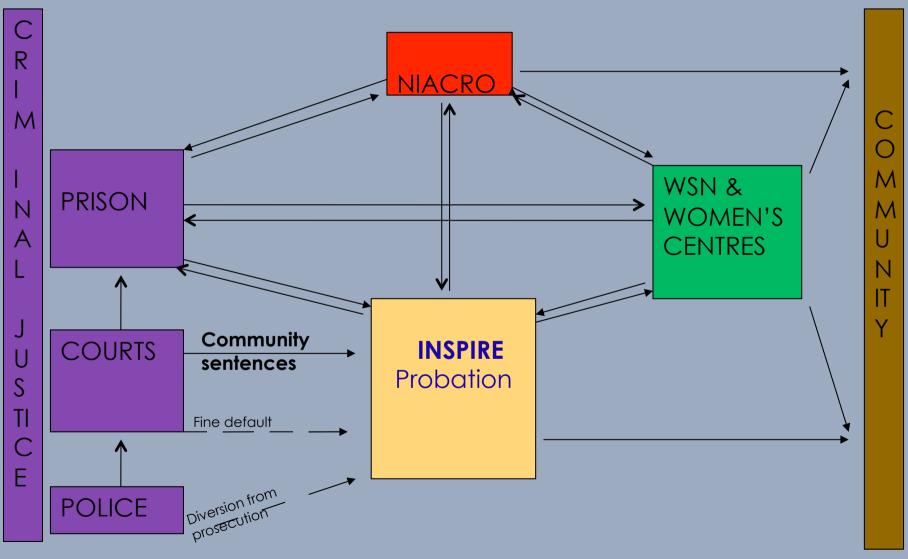


## **INSPIRE** Model

- Registered as a daycare provider
- \* Links with Sure Start

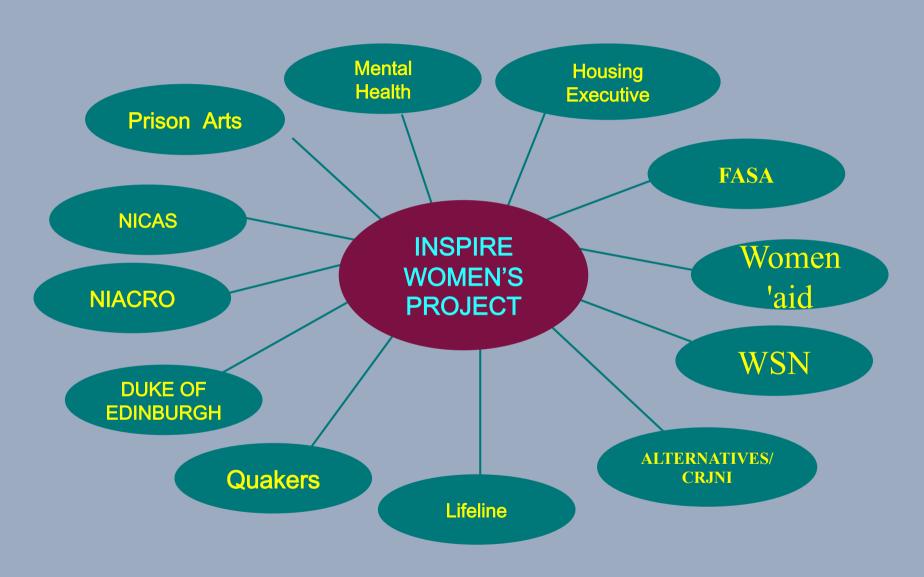


## INSPIRE Model



Source: Jean O'Neill – Manager INSPIRE

## Inspire Women's Project



Source: Jean O'Neill – Manager INSPIRE

### **Evaluation of Project**

Quality of supervision – rated positively by women

Safe space

Practical supports

Non-judgemental

Good compliance

Inspire was viewed by key stakeholders as a unique and much needed service that has been highly effective in the short time it has been running. The staff team are highly regarded by both women offenders and stakeholders alike. Central to the Project's success has been its women-centred approach which involves women in identifying their own needs and objectives and the wide and varied links with community based organisations, particularly the Northern Ireland Women's Centres. Such links with support in the community have meant that Inspire can provide a 'joined up', rapid and cost effective response to a wide range of women offender's

Easton & Matthews (2011)

## Evaluation recommendations

- \* Establishing stronger links with agencies (police, housing, mental health)
- Developing robust monitoring and evaluation outcomes
- Widening scope courts, geographic



Easton & Matthews (2011)

Resources and risk orthodoxy

Women fall off the agenda?

Jean O'Neill:

<u>Griffins Society Fellowship</u>
exploring women's
transition from custody to
the community.



## References

- \* Easton, H. & Matthews, R. (2011) Evaluation of the INSPIRE Women's Project. Belfast: DoJ
- \* Northern Ireland Prison Service (2005) The Reintegration Needs of Women Prisoners in Northern Ireland, Belfast: NIPS.
- \* Northern Ireland Office (2009) Draft Strategy for the Management of Women Offenders in Northern Ireland: A Consultation, Belfast: NIO
- \* O'Neill, J. (2011)

  'The Inspire Women's Project: Managing women offenders within the community.' Irish Probation

  Journal, 1: 93-108

## References

- \* Scraton, P. and Moore, L. (2005) The Hurt Inside: The Imprisonment of Women and Girls in Northern Ireland, Belfast: Northern Ireland Human Rights Commission.
- Scraton, P. and Moore, L. (2007) The Prison Within: The Imprisonment of Women at Hydebank Wood 2004-06, Belfast: Northern Ireland Human Rights Commission.
- \* PBNI Caseload Statistics 2014/15. Available at: http://www.pbni.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/ 2015/02/Caseload-Statistics-Report-2014 15 Internet-15.05.15.pdf